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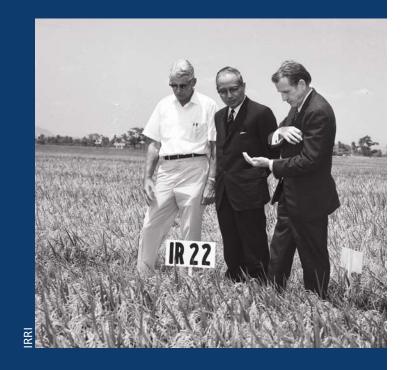
MillionsFed

PROVEN SUCCESSES IN AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

Late 1950s: 1 billion people go hungry every day

Scientists, policymakers, and farmers initiate push to boost agricultural production and productivity

- Global availability of food is increased
- Access to food improved
- Quality of food enhanced



2009: 1 billion people go hungry every day

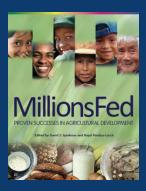
Why this initiative?

- Identify and examine successes
- Assess the evidence on what works
- Draw out the lessons they offer

How did we proceed?

- Throwing the net out
- Sorting the catch
- Selecting the most appropriate cases
- Synthesizing the evidence







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PROVEN SUCCESSES IN AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

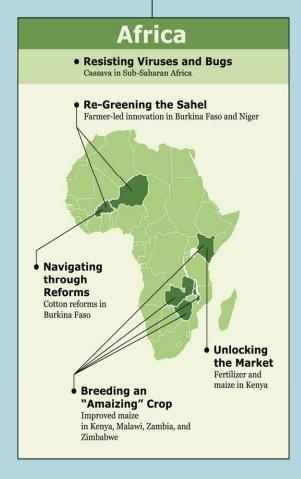
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Global

- Fighting a "Shifty Enemy"
 The international collaboration to contain wheat rusts
- Conquering the Cattle Plague
 The global effort to eradicate rinderpest

South **America** Innovating in the Pampas Zero-tillage soybean cultivation in Argentina







Fighting a "Shifty Enemy"

The international collaboration to contain wheat rusts



 Challenge: Stem and leaf rust destroying wheat fields around the world

 Innovation: Global effort leveraging modern science to breed rustresistant varieties

• Impact: 117 million hectares of land protected from wheat rust; Food security for 60-120 million rural households

Resisting Viruses and Bugs

Cassava in Sub-Saharan Africa



• **Challenge:** Spread of mosaic virus disease and mealybug pest generating major losses for cassava, a staple food crop

• Innovation: Breeding of disease-resistant cassava varieties, and introduction of a parasitic wasp to destroy mealybug

Impact: Breeding increased yields by 40%; Pest control prevented yield losses of 2.5 tons/hectare;
 29 million additional people fed

Author: Felix Nweke

Crossing the River While Feeling the Rocks

Land-tenure reform in China



Challenge: Widespread food shortages after more than 30 years of

collective agriculture

• Innovation: Policy reforms reintroducing household farming, returning

more than 95% of farmland to 160 million rural households

Impact: 1978-84: increase in grain production by 34%; increase in

rural incomes by 137%; reduction in rural poverty by 22%

Diversifying into Healthy Diets

Homestead food production in Bangladesh



Challenge: Micronutrient deficiencies, such as Vitamin A, resulting in

night blindness

• Innovation: Home gardening of micronutrient-rich vegetables, small

livestock production, and nutrition education

• **Impact:** Tripling in vegetable production; 73% of gardens

managed by women; improved food security for 5

million people

Why did it work?

- Science and technology
- Complementary investments
- Private incentives
- Cooperation and collaboration
- Timing and planning
- Experimentation and evolution
- Community involvement
- Leadership and dedication



What can we learn?

- Success is not unambiguous
- Success is a process
- Success is not a substitute for strategy
- Success is recognizable

More successes are needed

- Persistence of hunger
 - **✓** A billion people still go hungry today
- New stresses
 - ✓ Climate change
 - ✓ Market volatility
 - Demographic changes
- Keep food security and agriculture high on the global agenda



